Representative Melvin R. Brown proposes the following substitute bill:

1	INCORPORATION AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Melvin R. Brown
5	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to the incorporation of a city or town.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	amends definitions;
13	 amends language related to a request for a feasibility study;
14	 amends language related to the exclusion of property from proposed incorporation
15	boundaries;
16	 amends language related to the certification of a request for a feasibility study;
17	 amends provisions that require a city incorporation feasibility study;
18	 amends language related to a city incorporation petition;
19	 amends language related to an incorporation of a city election;
20	 amends provisions related to a town incorporation feasibility study;
21	 amends language related to a town incorporation petition;
22	 requires a county legislative body to hold a public hearing on a feasibility study;
23	 enacts provisions related to an incorporation of a town election;
24	 enacts provisions related to a town form of government and election of town
25	officers;



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26	• enacts provisions requiring notice of a town incorporation to the lieutenant
27	governor;
28	 enacts provisions related to the effective date of a town incorporation;
29	 amends language related to the duties of a planning commission of a township;
30	amends the definition of "ballot proposition"; and
31	makes technical corrections.
32	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	None
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	10-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
39	10-2-102, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
40	10-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 129
41	10-2-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 13
42	10-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
43	10-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
44	10-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
45	10-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
46	10-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
47	10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 90, 122 and last amended
48	by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
49	17-27a-302, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
50	20A-1-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 17, 40, 310, and 335
51	20A-1-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 371
52	20A-1-204 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 16 and 382
53	ENACTS:
54	10-2-126 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	10-2-127 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	10.2.128 Utah Code Appointed 1053

	10-2-129 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
	10-2-124 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 10-2-101 is amended to read:
	10-2-101. Definitions.
	(1) As used in this part:
	[(a) "Commission" means a boundary commission established under Section 10-2-409
	for the county in which the property that is proposed to be incorporated is located.]
	[(b)] (a) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government[-]; and
	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
	incorporate.
	[(c)] (b) "Private," with respect to real property, means [not owned by the United States
	or any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, a municipality, a school district, a
	local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, a
,	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other
]	political subdivision or governmental entity of the state] taxable property.
	(2) For purposes of this part:
	(a) the owner of real property shall be the record title owner according to the records of
	the county recorder on the date of the filing of the request or petition; and
	(b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last
	assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the request or petition.
	(3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real
	property covering a percentage or fraction of the total private land area within an area to sign a
	request or petition:
	(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
	percentage or fraction unless the request or petition is signed by:
	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
	ownership interest in that parcel; or

88	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
89	of owners of that parcel;
90	(b) the signature of a person signing a request or petition in a representative capacity on
91	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
92	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
93	are indicated on the request or petition with the person's signature; and
94	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the request or petition that
95	substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
96	(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
97	request or petition on behalf of a deceased owner.
98	Section 2. Section 10-2-102 is amended to read:
99	10-2-102. Incorporation of a contiguous area Governing provisions of city or
100	town incorporation.
101	(1) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality may incorporate as a
102	municipality as provided in this part.
103	(2) (a) Incorporation as a city is governed by Sections 10-2-103 through 10-2-124.
104	(b) Incorporation as a town is governed by [Section] Sections 10-2-125 through
105	<u>10-2-129</u> .
106	Section 3. Section 10-2-104 is amended to read:
107	10-2-104. Notice to owner of property Exclusion of property from proposed
108	boundaries.
109	(1) As used in this section:
110	(a) "Assessed value" with respect to property means the value at which the property
111	would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section 59-2-503.
112	(b) "Owner" means the record owner of property, including an affiliate, subsidiary, or
113	parent company.
114	(c) "Urban" means an area with a residential density of greater than one unit per acre.
115	[(1)] (2) Within seven calendar days of the date on which a request under Section
116	10-2-103 is filed, the county clerk shall [notify] send written notice of the proposed
117	incorporation to each record owner of real property owning more than:
118	(a) 1% of the assessed value of all property in the proposed incorporation

119	boundaries[-]; or
120	(b) 10% of the total private land area within the proposed incorporation boundaries.
121	[(2) (a)] (3) [A property owner within the boundaries of a proposed municipality,
122	owning] If an owner owns, controls, or manages more than 1% of the assessed value of all
123	property in the proposed incorporation boundaries, or owns, controls, or manages 10% or more
124	of the total private land area in the proposed incorporation boundaries, the owner may exclude
125	all or part of the property [owner's property] owned, controlled, or managed by the owner from
126	the proposed boundaries by filing a Notice of Exclusion with the county legislative body within
127	[10] 15 calendar days of receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2).
128	[(b)] (4) The county legislative body shall exclude the property identified by an owner
129	in the Notice of Exclusion from the proposed <u>incorporation</u> boundaries [only if the property:]
130	unless the county legislative body finds by clear and convincing evidence in the record that:
131	(a) the exclusion will leave an unincorporated island within the proposed municipality;
132	<u>and</u>
133	(b) the property to be excluded:
134	(i) is urban; and
135	[(i) is currently nonurban;]
136	(ii) [does not or will not require municipal provision of] currently receives from the
137	county a majority of municipal-type services including:
138	(A) culinary or irrigation water;
139	(B) sewage collection or treatment;
140	(C) storm drainage or flood control;
141	(D) recreational facilities or parks;
142	(E) electric generation or transportation;
143	(F) construction or maintenance of local streets and roads;
144	(G) curb and gutter or sidewalk maintenance;
145	(H) garbage and refuse collection; and
146	(I) street lighting[; and].
147	[(iii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed
148	municipality.]
149	$\left[\frac{3}{5}\right]$ (5) This section applies only to counties of the first or second class.

150	[(4)] (6) If the county legislative body excludes property from the proposed boundaries
151	under Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ (4) , the county legislative body shall, within five days of the
152	exclusion, send written notice of [its action] the exclusion to the contact sponsor.
153	Section 4. Section 10-2-105 is amended to read:
154	10-2-105. Processing a request for incorporation Certification or rejection by
155	county clerk Processing priority Limitations Township planning commission
156	recommendation.
157	(1) Within 45 days of the filing of a request under Section 10-2-103, the county clerk
158	shall:
159	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
160	assistance, determine whether the request complies with Section 10-2-103; and
161	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the request complies with Section 10-2-103:
162	(A) certify the request and deliver the certified request to the county legislative body;
163	and
164	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
165	(I) the contact sponsor; and
166	(II) the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the
167	area proposed for incorporation is located; or
168	(ii) if the clerk determines that the request fails to comply with [any of those] Section
169	10-2-103 requirements, reject the request and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the
170	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
171	(2) The county clerk shall certify or reject requests under Subsection (1) in the order in
172	which they are filed.
173	(3) (a) (i) If the county clerk rejects a request under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the request
174	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
175	county clerk.
176	(ii) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 may be used toward fulfilling the
177	signature requirement of Subsection 10-2-103(2)(a) for the request as modified under
178	Subsection (3)(a)(i).
179	(b) If a request is amended and refiled under Subsection (3)(a) after having been
180	rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), it shall be considered as a newly filed

181	request, and its processing priority is determined by the date on which it is refiled.
182	[(4) (a) A township planning commission may recommend to the legislative body of
183	the county in which the township is located that, for purposes of Subsection
184	10-2-106(4)(a)(xiii), the county legislative body support or oppose a proposed incorporation
185	under this part of an area located within the township.]
186	[(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the township planning commission
187	shall communicate each recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county
188	legislative body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i).]
189	[(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(b)(i), if the county clerk's certification under
190	Subsection (1)(b)(i) is before July 17, 1997, the township planning commission shall
191	communicate its recommendation under Subsection (4)(a) in writing to the county legislative
192	body within 60 days of the county clerk's certification under Subsection (1)(b)(i) or August 31,
193	1997, whichever is later, but no later than:
194	[(A) 75 days after the county legislative body has engaged the feasibility consultant
195	under Subsection 10-2-106(1); or]
196	[(B) the completion of the feasibility study.]
197	[(iii) At the time the recommendation under Subsection (4)(b)(i) is delivered to the
198	county legislative body, the township planning commission shall mail or deliver a copy of the
199	recommendation to the contact sponsor.]
200	Section 5. Section 10-2-106 is amended to read:
201	10-2-106. Feasibility study Feasibility study consultant.
202	(1) Within 60 days of receipt of a certified request under Subsection 10-2-105(1)(b)(i),
203	the county legislative body shall engage the feasibility consultant chosen under Subsection (2)
204	to conduct a feasibility study.
205	[(2) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen by a majority vote of a selection
206	committee consisting of:]
207	[(a) a person designated by the county legislative body;]
208	[(b) a person designated by the sponsors of the request for a feasibility study; and]
209	[(c) a person designated by the governor.]
210	(2) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
211	(a) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition in consultation with the county

212	<u>or</u>
213	(b) by the county if the designated sponsors state, in writing, that the contact sponsor
214	defers selection of the feasibility consultant to the county.
215	(3) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to:
216	(a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the county legislative
217	body and the contact sponsor no later than 90 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to
218	conduct the study;
219	(b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results
220	no longer than one page in length; and
221	(c) attend the public hearings under Subsection 10-2-108(1) and present the feasibility
222	study results and respond to questions from the public at those hearings.
223	[(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:]
224	[(i) the population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation
225	and the surrounding area;]
226	[(ii) the history, geography, geology, and topography of and natural boundaries within
227	the area proposed to be incorporated and the surrounding area;]
228	[(iii) whether the proposed boundaries eliminate or create an unincorporated island or
229	peninsula;]
230	[(iv) whether the proposed incorporation will hinder or prevent a future and more
231	logical and beneficial incorporation or a future logical and beneficial annexation;]
232	[(v) the fiscal impact on unincorporated areas, other municipalities, local districts,
233	special service districts, and other governmental entities in the county;]
234	[(vi) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
235	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
236	industrial development, and public facilities;]
237	[(vii) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
238	years;]
239	[(viii) subject to Subsection (4)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
240	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed city;]
241	[(ix) the present and five-year projected revenue for the proposed city;]
242	[(x) the projected impact the incorporation will have over the following five years on

243	the amount of taxes that property owners within the proposed city and in the remaining
244	unincorporated county will pay;]
245	[(xi) past expansion in terms of population and construction in the proposed city and
246	the surrounding area;]
247	[(xii) the extension of the boundaries of other nearby municipalities during the past 10
248	years, the willingness of those municipalities to annex the area proposed for incorporation, and
249	the probability that those municipalities would annex territory within the area proposed for
250	incorporation within the next five years except for the incorporation; and]
251	[(xiii) whether the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed to be
252	incorporated favors the incorporation proposal.]
253	[(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ix), the feasibility consultant shall assume ad
254	valorem property tax rates on residential property within the proposed city at the same level at
255	which they would have been without the incorporation.]
256	[(c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(viii):]
257	[(i) the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of governmental services
258	to be provided to the proposed city in the future that fairly and reasonably approximate the
259	level and quality of governmental services being provided to the proposed city at the time of
260	the feasibility study;]
261	[(ii) in determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility
262	consultant shall consider:]
263	[(A) the amount it would cost the proposed city itself to provide the service after
264	incorporation;]
265	[(B) if the county is currently providing the service to the proposed city, the county's
266	cost of providing the service; and]
267	[(C) if the county is not currently providing the service to the proposed city, the
268	amount the proposed city can reasonably expect to pay for the service under a contract for the
269	service; and]
270	[(iii) the five-year projected cost of a governmental service shall be based on the
271	amount calculated under Subsection (4)(c)(ii), taking into account inflation and anticipated
272	growth.]
273	[(5) If the results of the feasibility study or revised feasibility study do not meet the

274	requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the feasibility consultant shall, as part of the
275	feasibility study or revised feasibility study and if requested by the sponsors of the request,
276	make recommendations as to how the boundaries of the proposed city may be altered so that
277	the requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3) may be met.]
278	(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:
279	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
280	the surrounding area;
281	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
282	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
283	industrial development, and public facilities;
284	(iii) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
285	<u>years;</u>
286	(iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
287	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed city, including:
288	(A) culinary water;
289	(B) secondary water;
290	(C) sewer;
291	(D) law enforcement;
292	(E) fire protection
293	(F) roads and public works;
294	(G) garbage
295	(H) weeds; and
296	(I) government offices;
297	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
298	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
299	proposed city; and
300	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
301	incorporated area within five years of incorporation.
302	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a
303	level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed city in the future that
304	fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being

305	provided to the proposed city at the time of the feasibility study.
306	(ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant
307	shall consider:
308	(A) the amount it would cost the proposed city to provide governmental service for the
309	first five years after incorporation; and
310	(B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental
311	service.
312	(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv), shall take into account inflation
313	and anticipated growth.
314	(5) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the five year
315	projected costs under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%, the feasibility consultant shall
316	project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant
317	governor.
318	(6) If the results of the feasibility study or revised feasibility study do not meet the
319	requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the feasibility consultant shall, as part of the
320	feasibility study or revised feasibility study and if requested by the sponsors of the request,
321	make recommendations as to how the boundaries of the proposed city may be altered so that
322	the requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3) may be met.
323	[6] (a) For purposes of this Subsection $[6]$ (7), "pending" means that the process
324	to incorporate an unincorporated area has been initiated by the filing of a request for feasibility
325	study under Section 10-2-103 but that, as of [the date this Subsection (6) becomes effective]
326	May 8, 2012, a petition under Section 10-2-109 has not yet been filed.
327	(b) The amendments to Subsection (4) that become effective upon the effective date of
328	this Subsection [(6)] (7) :
329	(i) apply to each pending proceeding proposing the incorporation of an unincorporated
330	area; and
331	(ii) do not apply to a municipal incorporation proceeding under this part in which a
332	petition under Section 10-2-109 has been filed.
333	(c) (i) If, in a pending incorporation proceeding, the feasibility consultant has, as of
334	[the effective date of this Subsection (6)] May 8, 2012, already completed the feasibility study,
335	the county legislative body shall, within 20 days after the effective date of this Subsection [(6)]

- (7) and except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (7)(c)(iii), engage the feasibility consultant to revise the feasibility study to take into account the amendments to Subsection (4) that became effective on the effective date of this Subsection [(6)] (7).
 - (ii) Except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (7)(c)(iii), the county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the revised feasibility study under Subsection [(6)] (7)(c)(i) within 20 days after being engaged to do so.
 - (iii) Notwithstanding Subsections [(6)] (7)(c)(i) and (ii), a county legislative body is not required to engage the feasibility consultant to revise the feasibility study if, within 15 days after the effective date of this Subsection [(6)] (7), the request sponsors file with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the request signed by all the request sponsors.
 - (d) All provisions of this part that set forth the incorporation process following the completion of a feasibility study shall apply with equal force following the completion of a revised feasibility study under this Subsection [(6)] (7), except that, if a petition under Section 10-2-109 has already been filed based on the feasibility study that is revised under this Subsection [(6)] (7):
 - (i) the notice required by Section 10-2-108 for the revised feasibility study shall include a statement informing signers of the petition of their right to withdraw their signatures from the petition and of the process and deadline for withdrawing a signature from the petition;
 - (ii) a signer of the petition may withdraw the signer's signature by filing with the county clerk a written withdrawal within 30 days after the final notice under Subsection 10-2-108[(2)](3) has been given with respect to the revised feasibility study; and
 - (iii) unless withdrawn, a signature on the petition may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirements under Subsection 10-2-109(2)(a) for a petition based on the revised feasibility study.
 - Section 6. Section **10-2-108** is amended to read:

10-2-108. Public hearings on feasibility study results -- Notice of hearings.

- (1) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the county legislative body shall, at its next regular meeting after receipt of the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study, schedule at least two public hearings to be held:
 - (a) within the following 60 days;

367	(b) at least seven days apart;
368	(c) in geographically diverse locations within the proposed city; and
369	(d) for the purpose of allowing:
370	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
371	(ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results and to ask
372	questions about those results of the feasibility consultant.
373	(2) At a public hearing described in Subsection (1), the county legislative body shall:
374	(a) provide a map or plat of the boundary of the proposed city;
375	(b) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
376	(c) allow the public to express its views about the proposed incorporation, including its
377	view about the proposed boundary.
378	[(2)] (3) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearings required
379	under Subsection (1):
380	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
381	circulation within the proposed city; and
382	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks.
383	(ii) The last publication of notice required under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a)(i)(A) shall be
384	at least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1).
385	(b) (i) If, under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general
386	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
387	hearings per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
388	likely to give notice of the hearings to the residents of the proposed city.
389	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (b)(i) at least seven days
390	before the first hearing under Subsection (1).
391	(c) The notice under Subsections $[(2)]$ (3) (a) and (b) shall include the feasibility study
392	summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is
393	available for inspection and copying at the office of the county clerk.
394	Section 7. Section 10-2-109 is amended to read:
395	10-2-109. Incorporation petition Requirements and form.
396	(1) At any time within [18 months] one year of the completion of the public hearings
397	required under Subsection 10-2-108(1), a petition for incorporation of the area proposed to be

398	incorporated as a city may be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the area is
399	located.
400	(2) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall:
401	(a) be signed by:
402	(i) the owners of private real property that:
403	[(i)] (A) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
404	[(ii) covers at least 1/3 of the total private land area within the area; and]
405	$[\frac{\text{(iii)}}]$ (B) is equal in value to at least $[\frac{1}{3}]$ 1/8 of the value of all private real property
406	within the area; and
407	(ii) 1/8 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a city,
408	according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition
409	is filed;
410	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
411	signing the petition;
412	(c) describe the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, as described in the
413	feasibility study request or modified request that meets the requirements of Subsection (3);
414	(d) state the proposed name for the proposed city;
415	(e) designate five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be
416	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each;
417	(f) state that the signers of the petition appoint the sponsors, if the incorporation
418	measure passes, to represent the signers in the process of:
419	(i) selecting the number of commission or council members the new city will have; and
420	(ii) drawing district boundaries for the election of commission or council members, if
421	the voters decide to elect commission or council members by district;
422	(g) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate plat or map, prepared by a
423	licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and
424	(h) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
425	PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed
426	city)
427	To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which
428	the proposed city is located) County, Utah:

We, the undersigned owners of real property within the area described in this petition,
respectfully petition the county legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing
within the area described in this petition, at [a special election held for that purpose] the next
regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a city. Each of
the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real
property within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly
written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a city is described as
follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (3) A petition for incorporation of a city under Subsection (1) may not be filed unless the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenue under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)[(ix)](v) does not exceed the average annual amount of cost under Subsection 10-2-106(4)(a)[(viii)](iv) by more than 5%.
- (4) A signature on a request under Section 10-2-103 or a modified request under Section 10-2-107 may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (2)(a):
- (a) if the request under Section 10-2-103 or modified request under Section 10-2-107 notified the signer in conspicuous language that the signature, unless withdrawn, would also be used for purposes of a petition for incorporation under this section; and
- (b) unless the signer files with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the signature before the petition under this section is filed with the clerk.
 - Section 8. Section **10-2-111** is amended to read:

10-2-111. Incorporation election.

- (1) (a) At the next [special election] regular general election date under Section [20A-1-204] 20A-1-201 more than [45] 60 days after the county legislative body's receipt of the certified petition or certified modified petition under Subsection 10-2-110(1)(b)(i), the county legislative body shall hold an election on the proposed incorporation.
- (b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, within the boundaries of the proposed city, the person may not vote on the proposed incorporation.
 - (2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
- (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed to be incorporated at least once a week for three successive weeks; and

460	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
461	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
462	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
463	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
464	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
465	and
466	(iv) the feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and a statement
467	that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the county
468	clerk.
469	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
470	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
471	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
472	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
473	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
474	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed city.
475	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
476	the election under Subsection (1).
477	(3) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed city
478	vote to incorporate as a city, the area shall incorporate.
479	Section 9. Section 10-2-116 is amended to read:
480	10-2-116. Election of officers of new city.
481	(1) For the election of city officers, the county legislative body shall:
482	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary
483	election; and
484	(b) hold a final election.
485	(2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be:
486	(a) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
487	election;
488	(b) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect commission or council
489	members by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as
490	determined by the petition sponsors; and

521

491 (c) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of commission or council 492 members to be elected and the length of their initial term. 493 (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) [and except as provided in Subsection (5)], the 494 primary election under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next: 495 (i) regular general election under Section 20A-1-201; 496 (ii) municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404; 497 (iii) municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202; or 498 (iv) special election under Section 20A-1-204. 499 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a) 500 may not be held until 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111. 501 (4) [Except as provided in Subsection (5), the] The final election under Subsection 502 (1)(b) shall be held at the next special election date under Section 20A-1-204: 503 (a) after the primary election; or 504 (b) if there is no primary election, more than 75 days after the incorporation election 505 under Section 10-2-111. 506 [(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), the county legislative body may hold the 507 primary and final elections required under Subsection (1) on the dates provided for the next 508 municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404 and the next municipal general election 509 under Section 20A-1-202, respectively, after the incorporation election, if: 510 [(a) with the results under Subsection 10-2-114(1)(d), the petition sponsors submit to 511 the county legislative body a written request to that effect; and] 512 (b) the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111 took place in February or May 513 of an odd-numbered year. 514 [(6)] (5) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section: 515 (A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 516 within the future city; and 517 (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks. 518 (ii) The later notice under Subsection [(6)] (5)(a)(i) shall be at least one day but no 519 more than seven days before the election. 520 (b) (i) In accordance with Subsection [(6)] (5)(a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of

general circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the

522	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely
523	to give notice of the election to the voters.
524	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5) (i) at least
525	seven days before each election under Subsection (1).
526	[(7)] (6) Until the city is incorporated, the county clerk is the election officer for all
527	purposes in an election of officers of the city approved at an incorporation election.
528	Section 10. Section 10-2-124 is repealed and reenacted to read:
529	10-2-124. Incorporation petition before May 8, 2012.
530	(1) A party with petition in process as of January 1, 2012 and not yet filed for final
531	certification with the county clerk in accordance with Section 10-2-110 as of May 8, 2012,
532	shall file a request for a feasibility study under Section 10-2-103 and comply with the
533	provisions of this chapter as enacted on May 8, 2012.
534	(3) A party described in Subsection (2) may use a signature on a petition in process as
535	of May 8, 2012, to fulfill the requirements of this chapter enacted on May 8, 2012.
536	Section 11. Section 10-2-125 is amended to read:
537	10-2-125. Incorporation of a town Petition.
538	(1) As used in this section:
539	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the
540	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
541	59-2-503.
542	(b) "Financial feasibility study" means a study [to determine:] described in Subsection
543	<u>(8).</u>
544	[(i) the projected revenues for the proposed town during the first three years after
545	incorporation; and]
546	[(ii) the projected costs, including overhead, that the proposed town will incur in
547	providing governmental services during the first three years after incorporation.]
548	(c) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
549	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and
550	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
551	incorporate.
552	[(c)] (d) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on

553	a countywide basis.
554	[(d)] (e) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
555	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
556	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
557	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
558	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
559	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
560	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
561	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
562	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
563	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
564	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's
565	certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
566	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a [request for a
567	public hearing with the clerk of the county in which the area is located] petition to incorporate
568	the area as a town with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
569	[(b) Each request for a public hearing under Subsection (3)(a) shall:]
570	[(i) be signed by the owners of at least five separate parcels of private real property,
571	each owned by a different owner, located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and]
572	[(ii) be accompanied by an accurate map or plat depicting the boundary of the proposed
573	town.]
574	[(c) Within 10 days after a request for a public hearing is filed under Subsection (3)(a),
575	the county clerk shall, with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk
576	requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of
577	Subsection (3)(b).]
578	[(d) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) fails to comply with
579	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall reject the request and deliver written
580	notice of the rejection to the signers of the request.]
581	[(e) (i) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) complies with the
582	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall:
583	[(A) schedule and arrange for a public hearing to be held:]

584	[(I) (Aa) at a public facility located within the boundary of the proposed town; or]
585	[(Bb) if there is no public facility within the boundary of the proposed town, at another
586	nearby public facility or at the county seat; and]
587	[(II) within 20 days after the clerk provides the last notice required under Subsection
588	(3)(e)(i)(B); and]
589	[(B) no later than 10 days after the clerk determines that a request complies with the
590	requirements of Subsection (3)(b), give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
591	incorporation by:]
592	[(I) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
593	has an Internet website;]
594	[(II) (Aa) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two
595	consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or]
596	[(Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
597	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
598	town; and]
599	[(III) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
600	in Section 63F-1-701.]
601	[(ii) Each public hearing under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) shall be conducted by the chair
602	of the county commission or council, or the chair's designee, to:]
603	[(A) introduce the concept of the proposed incorporation to the public;]
604	[(B) allow the public to review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;]
605	[(C) allow the public to ask questions and become informed about the proposed
606	incorporation; and]
607	[(D) allow the public to express their views about the proposed incorporation,
608	including their views about the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.]
609	[(4) (a) At any time within three months after the public hearing under Subsection
610	(3)(e), a petition to incorporate the area as a town may be filed with the clerk of the county in
611	which the area is located.]
612	(b) [Each] \underline{A} petition under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) shall:
613	(i) be signed by:
614	(A) the owners of private real property that:

615	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; <u>and</u>
616	[(II) covers a majority of the total private land area within the area;]
617	$[\overline{\text{(III)}}]$ $(\underline{\text{II}})$ is equal in assessed value to more than $[\frac{1}{2}]$ $\underline{1}/\underline{5}$ of the assessed value of all
618	private real property within the area; and
619	[(IV) consists, in number of parcels, of at least 1/3 of the number of all parcels of
620	private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated; and]
621	(B) [a majority] 1/5 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated
622	as a town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date
623	the petition is filed;
624	(ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the
625	petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of
626	each owner signing as a sponsor;
627	(iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a
628	licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and
629	(iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
630	PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed
631	town)
632	To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which
633	the proposed town is located) County, Utah:
634	We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area
635	described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body [for the area
636	described in this petition to be incorporated] to submit to the registered voters residing within
637	the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether
638	the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally
639	signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing within the
640	described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the
641	signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert
642	an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).
643	(c) A petition under this Subsection [(4)] (3) may not describe an area that includes
644	some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section
645	10-2-403 that:

646 (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and 647 (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed. 648 (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by 649 the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection [(4)] (3)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% 650 of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town. 651 (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection $[\frac{4}{2}]$ (3) may withdraw or, after 652 withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition: 653 (i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection [(6)] (5); 654 and 655 (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk. 656 [(5)] (4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) proposing to incorporate 657 as a town an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written notice of the proposed incorporation: 658 659 (i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value 660 of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and 661 (ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed. 662 (b) A private real property owner described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{2}]$ (4)(a)(i) may exclude all or part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing 663 664 a notice of exclusion: 665 (i) with the county clerk; and 666 (ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection [(5)] 667 <u>(4)</u>(a). 668 (c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated 669 as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection [(5)] (4)(b) if: 670 (i) the property: 671 (A) is nonurban; and 672 (B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and 673 (ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town. 674 (d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be 675 incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to 676 the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion.

677	[(6) Within] (5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection
678	$\left[\frac{4}{3}\right]$ (3), the county clerk shall:
679	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
680	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection [(4)]
681	<u>(3)</u> ; and
682	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements:
683	(A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
684	and
685	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:
686	(I) the contact sponsor;
687	(II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any
688	part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and
689	(III) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or
690	(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those
691	requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and
692	the reasons for the rejection.
693	[(7)] (6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection $[(6)]$ (5)(b)(ii) may be
694	amended to correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county
695	clerk.
696	(ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) may be used
697	toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection [(4)] (3)(b) for the same petition that
698	is amended under Subsection $[(7)]$ (6) (a)(i) and then refiled with the county clerk.
699	(b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection [(7)] (6)(a)(i) after having
700	been rejected by the county clerk under Subsection [(6)] (5)(b)(ii):
701	(i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
702	(ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is
703	refiled.
704	(8) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under
705	Subsection (4) [may, at its option and upon the petition being] and certified under Subsection
706	(6)[5] shall commission and pay for a financial feasibility study.
707	[(ii) If the county legislative body chooses to commission a financial feasibility study,

708	the county legislative body shall:]
709	[(A) within 20 days after the incorporation petition is certified, select and engage a
710	feasibility consultant; and]
711	(ii) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
712	(A) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition, as described in Subsection
713	(3)(b)(ii), in consultation with the county; or
714	(B) by the county if the contact sponsor states, in writing, that the sponsor defers
715	selection of the feasibility consultant to the county.
716	[(B)] (iii) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to
717	complete the financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the county
718	legislative body no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the
719	financial feasibility study.
720	(b) The financial feasibility study shall consider the:
721	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
722	the surrounding area;
723	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
724	proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
725	industrial development, and public facilities;
726	(iii) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five
727	years;
728	(iv) subject to Subsection (8)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
729	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed town, including:
730	(A) culinary water;
731	(B) secondary water;
732	(C) sewer;
733	(D) law enforcement;
734	(E) fire protection
735	(F) roads and public works;
736	(G) garbage
737	(H) weeds; and
738	(I) government offices;

739	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
740	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
741	proposed town; and
742	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
743	incorporated area within five years of incorporation.
744	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (8)(b)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a
745	level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed town in the future
746	that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being
747	provided to the proposed town at the time of the feasibility study.
748	(ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant
749	shall consider:
750	(A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide governmental service for
751	the first five years after incorporation; and
752	(B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental
753	service.
754	(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (8)(b)(iv), shall take into account inflation
755	and anticipated growth.
756	(d) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (8)(b)(v) exceed the five year
757	projected costs under Subsection (8)(b)(iv) by more than $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{5}] \ \underline{10} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} \ \underline{\%}$, the feasibility
757a	consultant shall
758	project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenan
759	governor.
760	[(b) If the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study under
761	Subsection (8)(a)(i), the]
762	(e) The county legislative body shall approve a certified petition proposing the
763	incorporation of a town and hold [an election for town officers,] a public hearing as provided in
764	[Subsection (9), if:] Section 10-2-126.
765	[(i) the county clerk has certified the petition under Subsection (6); and]
766	[(ii) (A) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
767	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) does not
768	exceed the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than
769	15%; or]

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770	[(B) the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i) show
771	that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) does not exceed the
772	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%.]
773	[(c) (i) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
774	show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the
775	average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%, the
776	county legislative body may:]
777	[(A) deny the petition, in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii), if the results of the
778	financial feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenues described in
779	Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection
780	(1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
781	[(B) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
782	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of revenues described in
783	Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described in
784	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; or]
785	[(Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
786	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of revenues
787	described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described
788	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 15%; and]
789	[(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
790	provided in Subsection (9).]
791	[(ii) If the results of the financial feasibility study described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)
792	show that the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) exceeds the
793	average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%, the
794	county legislative body shall:]
795	[(A) approve the petition;]
796	[(B) deny the petition in accordance with Subsection (8)(c)(iii); or]
797	[(C) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:]
798	[(Aa) impose conditions to prevent the average annual amount of costs described in
799	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
800	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; or

301	(Bb) after the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to
302	approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of costs described
303	in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) from exceeding the average annual amount of revenues described in
304	Subsection (1)(b)(i) by more than 15%; and]
305	[(II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as
306	provided in Subsection (9).]
307	[(iii) A county legislative body intending to deny a petition under Subsection
808	(8)(c)(i)(A) or (8)(c)(ii)(B) shall deny the petition within 20 days after the feasibility consultant
309	submits the written results of the financial feasibility study.]
310	[(d) Each town that incorporates pursuant to a petition approved after the county
311	legislative body imposes conditions under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B)(I)(Aa) or (8)(c)(ii)(C)(I)(Aa)
312	shall comply with those conditions.]
313	[(9) (a) The legislative body of the county in which the proposed new town is located
314	shall hold the election for town officers provided for in Subsection (8) within:]
315	[(i) 45 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
316	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(b); or]
317	[(ii) 60 days after the day on which the feasibility consultant submits the written results
318	of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(B)(II) or
319	(8)(e)(ii)(B)(II).]
320	[(b) The officers elected at an election under Subsection (9)(a) shall take office:]
321	[(i) at noon on the first Monday in January next following the election, if the election is
322	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
323	[(ii) at noon on the first day of the month next following the effective date of the
324	incorporation under Subsection (12), if the election of officers is held on any other date.]
325	[(10) Each newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form
326	of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.]
327	[(11) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:]
328	[(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Subsection
329	(9), file with the lieutenant governor:]
330	[(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
331	67-1a-6.5, that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and]

832	[(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and]
833	[(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
834	Section 67-1a-6.5:]
835	[(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
836	of that county the original:
837	[(A) notice of an impending boundary action;]
838	[(B) certificate of incorporation; and]
839	[(C) approved final local entity plat; or]
840	[(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
841	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (11)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
842	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.]
843	[(12) (a) A new town is incorporated:]
844	[(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
845	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Subsection (9) is
846	held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or]
847	[(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
848	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
849	Subsection (9) is held on any other date.]
850	[(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
851	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.]
852	[(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (11)(b) are recorded in the office of the
853	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:]
854	[(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;]
855	[(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or]
856	[(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.]
857	[(13) For each petition filed before March 5, 2008:]
858	[(a) the petition is subject to and governed by the law in effect at the time the petition
859	was filed; and]
860	[(b) the law in effect at the time the petition was filed governs in all administrative and
861	judicial proceedings relating to the petition.]
862	Section 12. Section 10-2-126 is enacted to read:

863	<u>10-2-126.</u> Incorporation of town Public hearing on feasibility.
864	(1) If, in accordance with Section 10-2-125, the county clerk certifies a petition for
865	incorporation or an amended petition for incorporation, the county legislative body shall, at its
866	next regular meeting after completion of the feasibility study, schedule a public hearing to:
867	(a) be held no later than 60 days after the day on which the feasibility study is
868	completed; and
869	(b) consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation for
870	the proposed town.
871	(2) The county legislative body shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed
872	incorporation by:
873	(a) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
874	has an Internet website;
875	(b) (i) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive
876	weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or
877	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
878	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
879	town; and
880	(c) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
881	<u>in Section 63F-1-701.</u>
882	(3) At the public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the county
883	legislative body shall:
884	(a) (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study; and
885	(ii) present the results of the feasibility study to the public; and
886	(b) allow the public to:
887	(i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;
888	(ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and
889	(iii) express its views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about the
890	boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.
890a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (4)$ A county may not hold an election on the incorporation of a town in accordance with
890b	Section 10-2-127 if the results of the feasibility study show that the five year projected revenues
890c	under Subsection 10-2-125(8)(b)(v) exceed the five year projected costs under Subsection
890d	(8)(b)(iv) by more than $10%$. ←Ĥ
891	Section 13. Section 10-2-127 is enacted to read:
892	10-2-127. Incorporation of town Election to incorporate Ballot form.
893	(1) (a) At the next regular general election, as defined in Section 20A-1-102, more than

894	60 days after the public hearing described in Section 10-2-126, the county legislative body shall
895	hold an election on the proposed incorporation $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\text{unless prohibited under the provisions of}}$
895a	<u>Section 10-2-126</u> ←Ĥ .
896	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
897	within the boundaries of the proposed town, the person may not vote on the proposed
898	incorporation.
899	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
900	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation, within the area proposed to be incorporated,
901	at least once a week for three successive weeks; and
902	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
903	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
904	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
905	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town;
906	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
907	<u>and</u>
908	(iv) the county Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of the county
909	office where the feasibility study is available for review.
910	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
911	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
912	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
913	circulation within the proposed town, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
914	election per 100 population in conspicuous places within the proposed town that are most
915	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed town.
916	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
917	the election under Subsection (1)(a).
918	(3) The ballot at the incorporation election shall pose the incorporation question
919	substantially as follows:
920	Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed town) be incorporated
921	as the town of (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)?
922	(4) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
923	Subsection (3).
924	(5) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed town

923	vote to incorporate as a town, the area shan incorporate.
926	Section 14. Section 10-2-128 is enacted to read:
927	10-2-128. Form of government Election of officers of new town.
928	(1) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of
929	government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
930	(2) (a) The county legislative body of the county in which a newly incorporated town is
931	located shall hold an election for town officers at the next special election after the regular
932	general election in which the town incorporation is approved.
933	(b) The officers elected at an election described in Subsection (2)(a) shall take office at
934	noon on the first Monday in January next following the special election described in
935	Subsection (2)(a).
936	Section 15. Section 10-2-129 is enacted to read:
937	10-2-129. Notice to lieutenant governor Effective date of incorporation Effect
938	of recording documents.
939	(1) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:
940	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Section
941	10-2-128, file with the lieutenant governor:
942	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5
943	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
944	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
945	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
946	Section 67-1a-6.5:
947	(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
948	of that county the original:
949	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
950	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
951	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
952	(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
953	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
954	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
955	(2) (a) A new town is incorporated:

956	(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
957	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Section 10-2-128
958	is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
959	(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
960	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
961	Section 10-2-128 is held on any other date.
962	(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
963	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
964	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
965	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:
966	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;
967	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or
968	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.
969	Section 16. Section 17-27a-302 is amended to read:
970	17-27a-302. Planning commission powers and duties.
971	(1) Each countywide or township planning commission shall, with respect to the
972	unincorporated area of the county, or the township, make a recommendation to the county
973	legislative body for:
974	(a) a general plan and amendments to the general plan;
975	(b) land use ordinances, zoning maps, official maps, and amendments;
976	(c) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one designated land use authority to
977	hear and act on a land use application;
978	(d) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one appeal authority to hear and act
979	on an appeal from a decision of the land use authority; and
980	(e) application processes that:
981	(i) may include a designation of routine land use matters that, upon application and
982	proper notice, will receive informal streamlined review and action if the application is
983	uncontested; and
984	(ii) shall protect the right of each:
985	(A) applicant and third party to require formal consideration of any application by a
986	land use authority;

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988	use authority's decision to a separate appeal authority; and
989	(C) participant to be heard in each public hearing on a contested application.
990	(2) The planning commission of a township under this part may recommend to the
991	legislative body of the county in which the township is located[: (a) that the legislative body
992	support or oppose a proposed incorporation of an area located within the township, as provided
993	in Subsection 10-2-105(4); or (b)] that the legislative body file a protest to a proposed
994	annexation of an area located within the township, as provided in Subsection 10-2-407(1)(b).
995	Section 17. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
996	20A-1-102. Definitions.
997	As used in this title:
998	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
999	voter by the county clerk.
1000	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines
1001	and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results.
1002	(3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic,
1003	upon which a voter records the voter's votes.
1004	(b) "Ballot" includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and secrecy
1005	envelopes.
1006	(4) "Ballot sheet":
1007	(a) means a ballot that:
1008	(i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and
1009	(ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and
1010	(b) includes punch card ballots and other ballots that are machine-countable.
1011	(5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that:
1012	(a) contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to
1013	be voted on; and
1014	(b) are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
1015	(6) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters
1016	on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
1017	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;

(B) applicant, adversely affected party, or county officer or employee to appeal a land

1018	(b) a constitutional amendment;
1019	(c) an initiative;
1020	(d) a referendum;
1021	(e) a bond proposition;
1022	(f) a judicial retention question; [or]
1023	(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
1024	[(g)] (h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
1025	(7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and
1026	20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
1027	(8) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting
1028	the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
1029	(9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound
1030	book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
1031	(10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be
1032	completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
1033	(11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of
1034	election results by the board of canvassers.
1035	(12) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at
1036	the canvass.
1037	(13) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract
1038	or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer.
1039	(14) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and
1040	delegates are selected.
1041	(15) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in
1042	charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
1043	(16) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during
1044	election day.
1045	(17) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section
1046	20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
1047	(18) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room,
1048	immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the poll workers

1049	and counting judges to count banots during election day.
1050	(19) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be
1051	elected.
1052	(20) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
1053	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
1054	occurs; and
1055	(b) does not include:
1056	(i) deadlines established for absentee voting; or
1057	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early
1058	Voting.
1059	(21) "Elected official" means:
1060	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303;
1061	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
1062	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
1063	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
1064	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
1065	(22) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
1066	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
1067	primary election, and a local district election.
1068	(23) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public
1069	Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002.
1070	(24) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to
1071	file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
1072	(25) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
1073	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;
1074	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or
1075	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
1076	(26) "Election officer" means:
1077	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
1078	(b) the county clerk for:
1079	(i) a county ballot and election; and

1080	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1081	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
1082	(c) the municipal clerk for:
1083	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
1084	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1085	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
1086	(d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for:
1087	(i) a local district ballot and election; and
1088	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1089	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
1090	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
1091	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
1092	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
1093	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
1094	(27) "Election official" means:
1095	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
1096	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
1097	(b) any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
1098	(28) "Election results" means:
1099	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
1100	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
1101	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond
1102	proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
1103	(29) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military
1104	and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any
1105	unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all
1106	spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form.
1107	(30) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting
1108	device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means.
1109	(31) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to
1110	or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign

1111	the record.
1112	(32) (a) "Electronic voting device" means a voting device that uses electronic ballots.
1113	(b) "Electronic voting device" includes a direct recording electronic voting device.
1114	(33) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has:
1115	(a) been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306; and
1116	(b) failed to respond to that notice.
1117	(34) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to
1118	witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
1119	(35) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
1120	(36) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county
1121	court judge.
1122	(37) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
1123	Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title
1124	17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
1125	(38) "Local district officers" means those local district officers that are required by law
1126	to be elected.
1127	(39) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a
1128	local district election, and a bond election.
1129	(40) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a
1130	local school district.
1131	(41) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
1132	local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may
1133	vote.
1134	(42) "Municipal executive" means:
1135	(a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;
1136	or
1137	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
1138	10-3b-103(6).
1139	(43) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and local
1140	districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year
1141	for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.

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1142 (44) "Municipal legislative body" means the council of the city or town in any form of 1143 municipal government. 1144 (45) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality. 1145 (46) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be 1146 elected. 1147 (47) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for municipal office. 1148 1149 (48) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll 1150 workers to be given to voters to record their votes. 1151 (49) "Official endorsement" means: 1152 (a) the information on the ballot that identifies: 1153 (i) the ballot as an official ballot; 1154 (ii) the date of the election; and 1155 (iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and 1156 (b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies: 1157 (i) the poll worker's initials; and 1158 (ii) the ballot number. 1159 (50) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the 1160 election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401. 1161 (51) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains: 1162 (a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be 1163 voted on; and 1164 (b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each 1165 ballot proposition. 1166 (52) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to 1167 participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation 1168 and Procedures. 1169 (53) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an 1170 election, voting, or counting votes. 1171 (b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.

(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.

1173 (54) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to 1174 cast votes. 1175 (55) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted. 1176 (56) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot 1177 in which the voter marks the voter's choice. 1178 (57) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or 1179 interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the 1180 contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section 1181 20A-5-400.1. 1182 (58) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person: 1183 (a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place; 1184 (b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or (c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker. 1185 1186 (59) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by 1187 Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to 1188 verify a person's legal right to vote. (60) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for 1189 1190 the regular primary election are selected. 1191 (61) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that: 1192 (a) is built into a voting machine; and 1193 (b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever. 1194 (62) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the 1195 duties of the position for which the person was elected. 1196 (63) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the 1197 official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot 1198 after the voter has voted. 1199 (64) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter 1200 registration form. 1201 (65) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot. 1202 (66) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first 1203 Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes

established in Section 20A-1-201.

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- 1205 (67) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of 1206 each even-numbered year, to nominate candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups to 1207 advance to the regular general election.
 - (68) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
- 1209 (69) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
 - (70) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.
 - (71) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into which the voter places the ballot after the voter has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of the voter's vote.
 - (72) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-204.
 - (73) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
- 1218 (a) is spoiled by the voter;
 - (b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
- 1220 (c) lacks the official endorsement.
- 1221 (74) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the 1222 Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
- 1223 (75) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
- 1224 (76) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to 1225 the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.
- 1226 (77) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of petitioners.
 - (78) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the counting center.
 - (79) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation, or other cause.
- 1233 (80) "Valid voter identification" means:
- 1234 (a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may

1235	include:
1236	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
1237	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
1238	(A) the state; or
1239	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
1240	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
1241	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
1242	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;
1243	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
1244	photograph of the voter:
1245	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
1246	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
1247	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
1248	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (80)(a) or (b) but that bear
1249	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
1250	may include:
1251	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
1252	election;
1253	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
1254	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
1255	(iv) a valid Social Security card;
1256	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
1257	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
1258	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
1259	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
1260	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
1261	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
1262	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
1263	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
1264	(A) a local government within the state;
1265	(B) an employer for an employee; or

1266	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
1267	state; or
1268	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
1269	(81) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
1270	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
1271	(82) "Voter" means a person who:
1272	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
1273	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
1274	(c) is registered to vote; and
1275	(d) is listed in the official register book.
1276	(83) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
1277	20A-2-102.5.
1278	(84) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
1279	machines, and ballot box.
1280	(85) "Voting booth" means:
1281	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
1282	of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or
1283	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
1284	(86) "Voting device" means:
1285	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
1286	piercing the ballots by the voter;
1287	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
1288	(c) an electronic voting device or other device used to make selections and cast a ballot
1289	electronically, or any component thereof;
1290	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or
1291	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated
1292	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
1293	(87) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
1294	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
1295	(88) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
1296	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.

1297	(89) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law
1298	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
1299	(90) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an inspecting
1300	poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
1301	(91) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Chapter 9,
1302	Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary.
1303	(92) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
1304	(93) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the
1305	ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
1306	Section 18. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:
1307	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
1308	limitations.
1309	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
1310	law.
1311	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
1312	general elections.
1313	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
1314	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.
1315	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
1316	that designates:
1317	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1318	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1319	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
1320	concurrent resolution that designates:
1321	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1322	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1323	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
1324	election only for:
1325	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
1326	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-17a-133;
1327	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;

1328	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
1329	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
1330	legal boundaries should be changed;
1331	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1332	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
1333	remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
1334	school district under Section 53A-2-118.1; or
1335	(viii) an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1336	10-2-125(9)] <u>Section 10-2-128</u> .
1337	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
1338	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
1339	(i) the date for the local special election; and
1340	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
1341	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
1342	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
1343	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
1344	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
1345	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
1346	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection
1347	(5)(a)(vi).
1348	Section 19. Section 20A-1-204 is amended to read:
1349	20A-1-204. Date of special election Legal effect.
1350	(1) (a) The governor, Legislature, or the legislative body of a local political subdivision
1351	calling a statewide special election or local special election under Section 20A-1-203 shall
1352	schedule the special election to be held on:
1353	(i) the fourth Tuesday in June;
1354	(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
1355	(iii) for an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under [Subsection
1356	10-2-125(9)] Section 10-2-128, on any date that complies with the requirements of that
1357	subsection.
1358	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the governor, Legislature, or the legislative

1359	body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local special election
1360	under Section 20A-1-203 may not schedule a special election to be held on any other date.
1361	(c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), the legislative body of a
1362	local political subdivision may call a local special election on a date other than those specified
1363	in this section if the legislative body:
1364	(A) determines and declares that there is a disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1365	requiring that a special election be held on a date other than the ones authorized in statute;
1366	(B) identifies specifically the nature of the disaster, as defined in Section 63K-3-102,
1367	and the reasons for holding the special election on that other date; and
1368	(C) votes unanimously to hold the special election on that other date.
1369	(ii) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may not call a local special
1370	election for the date established in [Title 20A,] Chapter 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential
1371	Primary, for Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
1372	(d) Nothing in this section prohibits:
1373	(i) the governor or Legislature from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular
1374	general election if authorized by law; or
1375	(ii) a local government from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular municipal
1376	election if authorized by law.
1377	(2) (a) Two or more entities shall comply with Subsection (2)(b) if those entities hold a
1378	special election within a county on the same day as:
1379	(i) another special election;
1380	(ii) a regular general election; or
1381	(iii) a municipal general election.
1382	(b) Entities described in Subsection (2)(a) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate:
1383	(i) polling places;
1384	(ii) ballots;
1385	(iii) election officials; and
1386	(iv) other administrative and procedural matters connected with the election.